

# **Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated**

## **Board Manual and Policies**

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## General Principles

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On behalf of the key stakeholders, Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated is responsible for the stewardship and future well-being of the organisation. The Board should exercise leadership, enterprise, integrity and judgement in directing the organisation so as to provide assurance of its continuing and lasting prosperity.

In discharging their responsibilities the Board and individual Board Members have a duty to act in the best interests of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated as a whole, irrespective of personal, professional, commercial or other interests, loyalties or affiliations. Board Members' first duty and loyalty must be to the legal entity.

### **Governance defined – the role of the Board**

Governance might be described as:

*The exercise of corporate leadership through the establishment and monitoring of necessary controls and strategic direction setting so that the organisation is equipped to respond to the changing circumstances and situations in the external and internal environments in order to meet the expectations and demands of owners (Members) and other key stakeholders.*

In summary the Board:

1. Provides leadership to Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated ensuring that it achieves continuing prosperity in the best interests of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated and its stakeholders.
2. Ensures an appropriate mix of Board Members whether through interaction with key stakeholders resulting in the election of appropriately skilled personnel or through the appointment of such individuals.
3. Establishes Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's purpose, values and sets the strategic direction as the basis for further planning, e.g. annual and longer term planning.
4. Determines the appropriate culture for Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated and models behaviours that both reflect and promulgate the desired culture.
5. Establishes governance policies that provide the framework for the management of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated e.g. financial, human resource, asset management policies etc and ensures that internal processes and procedures are designed to provide effective controls and serve as the basis for reporting to the board as required
6. Employs the Chief Executive and monitors management and organisation performance against board-established criteria.
7. Identifies and monitors the management of corporate risks.
8. Ensures that the organisation complies with all internal and externally imposed compliance requirements.
9. Establishes and maintains an effective interrelationship with stakeholders.

In brief, governance involves the Board in the process of ensuring that Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated is well managed without the Board itself becoming involved in the operations except as required by its legislation or as a consequence of exceptional circumstances.

## **Responsibilities of the Board of Board Members**

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### **1. Meeting legal requirements**

The Board's first duty is to the legal entity. In meeting this duty the Board must ensure that all legal requirements under the relevant Acts are met and that the entity is protected from harmful situations and circumstances in the interests of current and future stakeholders. The Board also has a responsibility to its various stakeholders to ensure that the available resources are used to deliver the 'right outcomes' to the 'right people' in the 'right way'.

In particular Board Members have the following obligations:

- a. To act in good faith in the interests of all stakeholders of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated
- b. To exercise their powers for a proper purpose
- c. To avoid conflicts of interests
- d. To act honestly
- e. To act with reasonable care and diligence
- f. Not to make improper use of either their position on the Board or information gained while in that role.
- g. Ensure that the organisation does not trade while insolvent

Board Members, either individually or collectively, are potentially liable if they act illegally or negligently.

### **3. Governance philosophy and approach**

The Board will govern Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated with an emphasis on:

- serving the legitimate collective interests of the present members of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated and accounting to them fully for the performance of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated and for the Board's stewardship of that performance;
- remaining up to date in terms of key stakeholders' concerns, needs and aspirations;
- developing a future focus rather than being preoccupied with the present or past;
- providing leadership in the exploration of strategic issues rather than becoming distracted by administrative detail;
- behaving proactively rather than reacting to events and others' initiatives
- bringing a diversity of opinions and views to bear on its decisions;
- the development and expression of a collective responsibility for all aspects of the
- Ensure there are positive conditions for the motivation of the Chief Executive and ensure that there is adequate training to support her/him in their role.

### **6. Interaction with the media**

In all contact with the media the Chairman shall be the sole spokesperson on all governance-related matters. The CEO will typically speak on all other matters.

### **7. Other**

The Board will perform such other functions as a prescribed by law or assigned to the Board under Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's governing documents.

## **Expectations of Board Members**

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To execute these governance responsibilities, Board Members must, so far as possible, possess certain characteristics, abilities and understandings:

### **1. Board Members responsibilities**

Board Members must fulfil their fiduciary duty to act in Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's best interest at all times regardless of personal position, circumstances or affiliation. They should be familiar with Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's constitutional arrangements and be aware of, and fulfil, the statutory and fiduciary responsibilities of a Board Member.

The Code of Ethics and Conflict of Interests policies provide direction to Board Members and the Board in addressing key ethical issues.

### **2. Strategic orientation**

Board Members should be future oriented, demonstrating vision and foresight. They are expected to think conceptually, taking a 'helicopter' or 'big picture' perspective. They should be able to synthesise and simplify complex information and ideas. Their focus should be on strategic goals and policy implications rather than operational detail. They need to understand and focus on issues that are central to the success of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated.

### **3. Integrity and accountability**

Board Members must demonstrate high ethical standards and integrity in their personal and professional dealings, and be willing to act on - and remain collectively accountable for - all Board decisions even if these are unpopular or if individual members disagree with them. Board Members must be committed to speaking with one voice on all policy and directional matters.

### **4. Informed and independent judgement**

Each member of the Board must have the ability to provide wise, thoughtful counsel on a broad range of issues. He or she must have (or be able to develop) a sufficient depth of knowledge about Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's business in order to understand and question the assumptions upon which strategic and business plans and important proposals are based, and to be able to form an independent judgement as to the probability that such plans can be achieved, or proposals successfully implemented. Each Board Member must be willing to risk rapport with fellow Board Members in taking a reasoned, independent position.

### **5. Financial literacy**

Because the Board must monitor financial performance, Board Members must be financially literate. They should be able to read financial statements and understand the use of financial ratios and other indices used for evaluating Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's performance. To achieve this appropriate training and support will be provided.

## **6. Industry and sector knowledge**

Each Board Member is expected to bring a level of industry and sector knowledge sufficient to contribute to the board's deliberations and considerations on behalf of the organisation and its Members.

## **7. Participation**

Each Board Member is expected to enhance the Board's deliberations by actively offering questions and comments that add value to the discussion. Each should strive to be at ease with fellow Board Members participating in a constructive manner that acknowledges and respects the contribution of others at the table including the executive team. Board Members must be able to accept challenge from others without becoming defensive. In order to foster teamwork and engender trust Board Members should be willing to reconsider or change their positions after hearing statements of others' reasoned viewpoints.

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# **Governance Policies**

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## **Code of Ethics**

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The Board is committed to the adoption of ethical conduct in all areas of its responsibilities and authority.

### **Board Members shall:**

1. Act honestly and in good faith and honesty at all times in the best interests of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated as a whole.
2. Declare all interests that could result in a conflict between personal and organisational priorities.
3. Exercise diligence and care in fulfilling the functions of office.
4. Make reasonable enquiries to ensure that Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated is operating efficiently, effectively, legally and ethically in the pursuit of its corporate goals and strategies.
5. Maintain sufficient knowledge of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's business and performance to make informed decisions.
6. Not agree to Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated incurring obligations unless he or she believes that such obligations can be met when required.
7. Attend Board meetings and devote sufficient time to preparation for Board meetings to allow for full and appropriate participation in the Board's decision making.
8. Put the needs of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated before their own needs.
9. Ensure scrupulous avoidance of deception, unethical practice or any other behaviour that is, or might be construed as, less than honourable in the pursuit of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's business.
10. Not disclose to any other person confidential information other than as agreed by the Board or as required under law.
11. Act in accordance with their fiduciary duties, complying with the spirit as well as the letter of the law, recognising both the legal and moral duties of the role.
12. Abide by Board decisions once reached notwithstanding a Board Member's right to pursue a review or reversal of a Board decision.

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13. Not to make, comment, issue, authorise, offer or endorse any public criticism or statement having or designed to have an effect prejudicial to the best interests of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated.
14. Ensure that all Members are treated on an equitable basis.

**The Board shall:**

15. Make every reasonable effort to ensure that Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated does not raise community, supplier or stakeholder expectations that cannot be fulfilled.
16. Meet its responsibility to ensure that all staff employed by Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated are treated with due respect and are provided with a working environment and working conditions that meet all reasonable standards of employment as defined in relevant workplace legislation.
17. Carry out its meetings in such a manner as to ensure fair and full participation of all Board Members.

### **Strategic Direction and Planning**

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**An essential element in the board's leadership role is its responsibility to set the strategic direction for Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated. Accompanying this is an ongoing responsibility to identify corporate priorities, monitor progress against the strategic goals and objectives and view and approve annual business plans and the annual budget. Accordingly the board will annually:**

1. In partnership with management, establish and review Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's Purpose, vision, corporate strategies and priorities.
2. Review annual business plans to ensure alignment with the strategic direction, priorities and corporate strategies.
3. Schedule a programme of strategic dialogue at board meetings that reflects the priorities as defined by the board and that creates opportunities for the board and management to think strategically about future issues of strategic importance to Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's wellbeing and success.

### **Financial Governance**

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**The board has a core duty to ensure the financial integrity and viability of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated. This entails oversight of all financial processes and systems, regular review of financial results and, annually, approving Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's financial plan and budget and financial announcements. Accordingly the board will:**

1. Develop, review and monitor the implementation of governance level financial policies.
2. Provide guidance on budget parameters and priorities and approve the annual budget and financial plan including capital expenditure.
3. Approve expenditure outside budget parameters.
4. Review and approve the full year financial statements, reports and outcomes.
5. Receive and approve the Audit and Risk Committees' annual plan and scheduled reports.
6. Review and approve regularly scheduled financial statements and reports, i.e. for each board meeting or at the board's request.

## **Conflict of Interests**

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**The Board places great importance on making clear any existing or potential conflicts of interest for Board Members.**

*Conflicts of interest may occur:*

- *When a Board Member, or his/her immediate family or business interests, stands to gain financially from any business dealings, programmes or services provided to Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated.*
  - *When a Board Member offers a professional service to Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated.*
  - *When a Board Member stands to gain personally or professionally from any insider knowledge if that knowledge is used for personal or professional advantage.*
1. Any business or personal matter which could lead to a conflict of interest of a material nature involving a Board Member and his/role and relationship with Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated, must be declared and registered in the Register of Interest.
  2. All such entries in the Register shall be presented to the Board and minuted at the first Board meeting following entry in the records.
  3. All conflicts of interest must be declared by the Board Member concerned at the earliest time after the conflict is identified. Normally there will be the opportunity at the commencement of each board meeting for conflicts of interest to be declared.
  4. The Board shall determine whether or not the conflict is of a material nature and shall advise the individual accordingly.
  5. Where a conflict of interest is identified and/or registered, and the Board has declared that it is of material benefit to the individual or material significance to the organisation, the Board Member concerned shall not vote on any resolution relating to that conflict or issue.
  6. The Board Member shall only remain in the room during any related discussion with Board approval.
  7. The Board will determine what records and other documentation relating to the matter will be available to the Board Member.
  8. All such occurrences will be minuted.
  9. Individual Board Members, aware of a real or potential conflict of interest of another Board Member, have a responsibility to bring this to the notice of the Board.
  10. Where a Board Member has an ongoing material conflict of interest, this Board Member must consider resignation from the Board. However, resignation should not occur where this will result in serious detriment to the Board or to Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated.

## **Risk Management**

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**The Board will identify and evaluate the principal risks faced by Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated and ensure that appropriate systems are in place to avoid or mitigate these risks including the protection of intellectual capital. Accordingly the Board will:**

1. Ensure that robust risk management policies and processes are developed and monitored addressing all areas of organisational risk and that the Board is kept abreast of all key corporate risks areas and strategies in a timely manner.
2. Ensure that suitable internal controls are in place and are enacted and monitored to ensure effective and efficient operation and management of the organisation's resources.

3. Ensure that the organisation is governed and managed in accordance with its constitution and policies.
4. Ensure that proper accounting records are kept.
5. Ensure prompt investigation of any material shortfalls or breaches in compliance or risk management standards.

### **Board Committees and Working Parties**

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**The Board may establish committees and working parties only to support it in its governance work. The work of committees and working parties should not conflict with the Chief Executive's delegated responsibilities.**

1. Committees and working parties shall have Terms of Reference defining their role, life span, procedures and functions, and the boundaries of their authority, reviewed annually.
2. A decision of a committee or working party exercising delegated authority is a decision of the Board and should be treated by the Chief Executive accordingly.
3. Committees and working parties may co-opt outside members from time to time in order to bring additional skills, experience or networks.
4. Committees and working parties shall not exercise authority over staff nor shall they delegate tasks to any staff unless the Chief Executive has specifically agreed to such delegations.
5. Unless explicitly empowered by the Board, committees or working parties cannot make binding Board decisions or speak for the Board. For the most part the function of committees and working parties, in fulfilling their role, is to make recommendations to the Board.
6. Committees and working parties will not mirror operational divisions, departments or staff functions.

### **Audit and Risk Committee Terms of Reference**

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#### **1. Purpose**

The purpose of the Audit and Risk Committee is to assist the Board in discharging its responsibilities with respect to overseeing all aspects of financial and non-financial reporting, control and audit functions and organisational risk.

#### **2. Membership**

- a. The Audit and Risk Committee may be appointed by the Board from among Board Members, or may be the Board as a whole. The convenor of the Audit and Risk Committee shall be appointed by the Board.
- b. The Committee shall be structured to include members with (1) financial skills including the ability to read and analyse financial statements, (2) a good understanding of business and financial risks and related controls and control processes (3) a sound knowledge of the industry and a commitment to and knowledge of core service delivery principles and practices.
- c. A quorum shall be 3 members, one of whom shall be the convenor.

### **3. Operating Principles**

- a. The Committee may have in attendance such members of management and such other persons as it deems necessary to provide appropriate information and explanations.
- b. All Board Members shall be entitled to attend all meetings of the Audit and Risk Committee.
- c. The Committee shall have the right to go 'in committee' as required.
- d. The convenor shall call a meeting of the Audit and Risk Committee if so requested by any Committee member, the Board, the internal audit manager or the external auditors.
- e. The convenor shall draw up an agenda to be circulated at least one week prior to each meeting. The agenda shall be distributed to the members of the Committee, the external auditors and other invitees.
- f. The financial controller, programme managers and the external auditors shall be given adequate notice of all meetings and shall have the right to attend and speak.
- g. Meetings shall be held at least four times each year or as and when necessary. Meetings are to be held (1) at the planning stage of the external audit (2) prior to the Board meeting approving the annual report and financial statements (3) at scheduled times during the year in accordance with the committee's planned programme.
- h. The Committee will develop an annual audit plan that shall be reviewed and authorised by the Board.
- i. The Committee is authorised to obtain external resources as required to assist with its work.
- j. The Committee will give notice to management of its programme and requirements for access to key financial and other personnel and all relevant records.
- k. The Committee shall report to the Board after each committee meeting or as specified or requested by the Board. Committee meetings shall be minuted, a copy to be tabled at the following Board meeting. Additionally the Committee shall submit an annual report to the governing body summarising the committee's activities during the year and the related significant results and findings.
- l. The Committee shall annually conduct an assessment of its effectiveness and the contribution of individual Committee members. Changes in personnel, roles or responsibilities shall be determined by the Board.

### **4. Responsibilities**

- a. Identification of the broad risk parameters within which Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated operates and to bring to the Board's notice all such risks as the Committee feels should be addressed by the Board;
- b. oversight and monitor of the effectiveness of the Chief Executive's risk management programme and periodically to report to the Board on the effectiveness of this;
- c. liaison with internal and external auditors;
- d. review of the annual audit plan with the auditors;
- e. review of audit findings and the annual financial statements;
- f. review of the integrity of the Chief Executive's financial and non-financial reporting to the Board;
- g. oversight of compliance with statutory responsibilities relating to financial and non-financial disclosure;
- h. review of internal financial systems and accountabilities;
- i. ensuring that recommendations highlighted in the internal audit reports are actioned by management;

- j. supervision of special investigations in areas of financial and non-financial performance when requested by the Board.

In addition, the Audit and Risk Committee shall examine any other matters referred to it by the Board.

## **5. Authority**

- a. The Committee is authorised by the Board to investigate any activity covered by its functions and responsibilities. It is authorised to seek any information it requires from the Chief Executive who shall co-operate with any request made by the Committee.
- b. The Committee shall have the authority of the Board to obtain legal or other independent professional advice, and to secure the attendance at meetings of third parties with relevant experience and expertise if it considers this necessary.
- c. The Audit and Risk Committee shall have no executive powers with regard to its findings and recommendations other than those bestowed by the Board.

## **Chief Executive Employment Committee Terms of Reference**

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### **1 Purpose**

The purpose of the Committee is to assist the Board to ensure that there is an effective and positive partnership between the Board and its Chief Executive.

### **2. Membership and professional assistance**

1. The Committee shall consist of four Board members one of whom shall be the Chair of the Board.
2. The Board will appoint the chair of the Committee who shall not be the Chair of the Board.
3. The Committee may engage professional advice and assistance as required, in accordance with a budget approved by the Board.
4. The Committee's terms of reference and membership shall be reviewed and confirmed annually at the first meeting of the Board following the Annual Meeting.

### **3. Functions**

The function of the Committee is to facilitate the Board's thinking about the Chief Executive performance management framework and to lead the implementation of the performance management process on behalf of the Board. In particular, the Committee is expected to:

1. Maintain an oversight of the Chief Executive performance management philosophy and recommend changes to the Board as necessary.
2. Recommend the adoption of a Chief Executive Recruitment Specification and, thereafter, conduct an annual review of that document to ensure that:
  - a. it reflects an up-to-date view of the basic position requirements;
  - b. it documents foreseeable challenges facing the Board and the demands these are likely to place on the position of Chief Executive;
  - c. it sets out a current view of the attributes required to succeed in the position in terms of: knowledge, skills, experience, and attitude/orientation.

3. Maintain an oversight of the Chief Executive Employment Agreement to ensure that there is alignment between the Board's and the Chief Executive's respective expectations.
4. Work with the Chief Executive to prepare an annual Chief Executive Performance Plan agreeable to the Board and the Chief Executive that:
  - a. sets out the key results that must be achieved by the Chief Executive that reflect the Board's priorities and which require the Chief Executive's personal attention;
  - b. sets out any other matters requiring attention that the Board expects the Chief Executive to take direct personal responsibility for;
  - c. identifies any particular expectations about how the results should be achieved (including relevant behavioural considerations) that would be material to an assessment of the Chief Executive's performance;
  - d. identifies and agrees the support required from the Board in order to facilitate the achievement of the Chief Executive's performance plan and their general success in the role;
  - e. specifies how the achievement of key results will be measured.
5. Review the content of the performance plan in the context of ongoing Chief Executive performance monitoring and to recommend to the Board any changes necessary to maintain its focus and relevance.
6. Review in the context of the performance management of the Chief Executive, the delegation of authority to the Chief Executive (including the application of Limitation policies) and, as appropriate, recommend changes to the Board.
7. Continuous performance monitoring and feedback to the Chief Executive. The Committee shall take particular responsibility for the periodic review of the Chief Executive's performance in respect of:
  - a. The implementation of Board-agreed strategic and business plans and the application of agreed corporate values.
  - b. The implementation of the Chief Executive Performance Plan (progress in respect of which shall normally be reviewed not less frequently than every four months, with a formal end of year review at the conclusion of the period covered by the performance plan).
8. Discuss with the Chief Executive annually, their assessment of the performance of their direct reports in relation to succession planning.
9. Agree, in consultation with the Chief Executive, the appointment from time to time of an acting Chief Executive.
10. Review the Chief Executive's remuneration as required by their employment agreement and recommend adjustments as appropriate to the Board.
11. In undertaking these functions the Committee will be responsible for ensuring that the Board is engaged in appropriate steps in the process:
  - a. to ensure that these reflect the view of the Board as a whole; and
  - b. that the Committee's work does not compromise the accountability of the Board as a whole for the performance and successful discharge of the role of Chief Executive.

## **Board Meetings**

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**The majority of board business will be conducted in Board meetings. In order to ensure effective meetings the following principles apply:**

1. The Board will make the best possible use of its meetings by dealing only with matters that have governance-level significance, by focusing primarily on the future and, within a defined policy framework, by delegating as much as possible to the Chief Executive.
2. The Board will ensure that reports and proposals for the Board are timely, contain content and are formatted so as to reinforce and support the Board's governance role.
3. The Board will develop a work plan covering the next 12 months that (1) ensures the Board regularly reviews progress towards the achievement of the strategic direction/strategic plan and relevant strategic issues (2) provides assurance that all relevant compliance requirements are addressed, and (3) improves Board performance through education and continuous focus on its governance effectiveness.
4. The Chairperson will, in consultation with the Chief Executive, establish the agenda for each Board meeting although each Board member is free to suggest the inclusion of item(s) on the agenda. The focus of the meeting will be a topic(s) drawn from the work plan. All Board members have the opportunity to contribute to the agenda.
5. The Board will normally meet once every month; however, board meetings may be scheduled at other times or at other frequencies as determined by the Board.
6. Board members are expected to be active in providing input into Board decision-making and dialogue.
7. Board meetings will be conducted in an open and constructive manner, recognising that genuinely held differences of opinion can bring greater clarity and lead to better decisions.
8. Board members will receive their Board papers at least xxx working days prior to the meeting.
9. Other than in extraordinary circumstances, substantive papers or matters requiring board consideration will not be received and acted upon at the meeting at which these are presented.
10. Others (e.g. staff) may participate in Board meetings at the Board's discretion. Such attendees will respect the Boards' integrity and accountability and will thus accept any constraints imposed by the Board or the Chairperson on their participation and presence.
11. The Board may hold 'Board only' sessions at its discretion. Such sessions which will usually be scheduled prior to or at the commencement of the meeting should not exclude the Chief Executive from deliberations on matters to which his/her role as the Board's chief adviser would be compromised.

### **Monitoring Operational Performance**

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#### **The Board has a duty to oversee and monitor the performance of the operational organisation.**

1. The Chief Executive will report to the Board on the performance of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated at a frequency and to a standard specified by the board.
2. All such reporting should be targeted at the board's interests and duties rather than a description of management actions.

### **Board Member Induction**

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#### **The Board will provide to all new Board Members a thorough induction into the affairs of both the Board and Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated at large.**

1. All prospective Board Members will be provided with all relevant information.
2. Upon appointment/election and prior to attendance at their first Board meeting, new Board Members will receive a copy of the Board Manual including Governance policies, Articles/Constitution and other relevant legal governance documentation, current and

recent meeting papers, an organisational chart, contact details for other Board Members and key staff, a glossary of key terms, definitions and acronyms, the current year's meeting schedule and the annual agenda.

3. Meet with the Chairperson for a governance familiarisation. This meeting may be held as a group session or with individuals.
4. Meet with the Chief Executive for an operational familiarisation.

## **Board and Board Member Professional Development**

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**The Board's value-adding role requires that the board as a whole and all Board Members have access to professional development relevant to the role and duties of Board Membership.**

1. The Board will make every reasonable effort to facilitate training for all Board Members and for the Board as a whole to maximise its value-adding contribution to the organisation.
2. An annual Board development budget will be established that provides for both Board and individual Board Member development, the quantum of this budget item to be determined on a year by year basis.
3. All Board Members will be encouraged to undertake relevant professional development. The Board will pay all costs associated with this training including travel.
4. Board Members will be encouraged to attend conferences relevant to their role as Board Members or conferences related to other aspects of their Board Membership of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated. The Board will consider covering all or some of the costs associated with such attendance on a case by case basis.
5. All costs associated with governance effectiveness will be designed to ensure the development of the highest standard of governance including; meeting costs associated with effective communication with owners and other key stakeholders, surveys and associated analysis, focus groups, the costs associated with external audit and other independent third party reviews or consulting input.

## **Chairperson Role**

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**The Chairperson provides leadership to the Board, ensuring that the Board's processes and actions are consistent with its policies. As appropriate, the Chairperson represents the Board and the organisation to outside parties. It is expected that the Chairperson will promote a culture of stewardship, collaboration and co-operation, modelling and promulgating behaviours that define sound Board Membership.**

1. The Chairperson will chair Board meetings ensuring that:
  - a. Meeting discussion content is confined to governance matters as defined in the Board's policies.
  - b. All Board Members are treated even-handedly and fairly.
  - c. All Board Members are encouraged and enabled to make a contribution to the Board's deliberations.
2. The Chairperson has no authority to unilaterally change any aspect of Board policy.
3. The Chairperson will ensure that that board develops and implements processes and systems that result in board effectiveness including:
  - a. The development, review and monitoring of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's strategic plan and risk management.
  - b. Board Member and office holder succession planning.
  - c. Board Member and Board professional development.

- d. Board performance assessment.
  - e. Serving as a mentor to individual Board Members.
  - f. Overseeing the stakeholder interface.
- Nb. Some or all of these tasks may be delegated to a Board committee e.g. Audit and Risk Committee.
- 4. The Chairperson will ensure that Board meetings are properly planned including the development and distribution of Board papers in a timely manner and that the minutes accurately reflect the deliberations and decisions of the Board.
  - 5. The Chairperson will ensure that all Board decisions are understood by Board Members and accurately recorded.
  - 6. With the approval of the Board the Chairperson may establish a regular communication arrangement with the Chief Executive in which there is an exchange of information. This might also provide an opportunity for the Chief Executive to use such sessions as a sounding board for proposed actions or to check interpretations of Board policy. However;
    - a. The Chairperson will recognise that such sessions are not used to 'personally' supervise or direct the Chief Executive.
    - b. The Chairperson will maintain an appropriate professional distance from the Chief Executive to ensure objectivity and attention to governance matters and concerns,
    - c. The Chairperson will not inhibit the free flow of information to the Board necessary for sound governance. Therefore the Chairperson will never come between the Board and its formal links with the Chief Executive.
  - 7. The Chairperson may delegate aspects of the authority accompanying the position but remains accountable for the overall role.

#### **Indemnities and Insurance**

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**Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated will provide Board Members with, and will pay the premiums for, indemnity and insurance cover while acting in their capacities as Board Members, to the fullest extent permitted by the relevant legislation.**

#### **Reimbursement of Board Members' expenses**

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**Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated will reimburse all reasonable expenses incurred by Board Members in the carrying out of their role.**

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# **Board-Chief Executive Interrelationship Policies**

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## **Delegation to the Chief Executive**

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**The Board delegates to the Chief Executive responsibility for implementation of its strategic direction/strategic plan while complying with the Chief Executive Delegation policies.**

1. The Chief Executive is the sole linkage and point of accountability between the board and the operational organisation.
2. The Board will view Chief Executive performance as identical to total management performance so that the achievement of successful organisation outcomes will be regarded as successful Chief Executive performance.
3. Only the Board acting as a body can instruct the Chief Executive. Typically all instruction to the Chief Executive will be codified as policy.
4. The Board will make clear Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's strategic direction including performance indicators to be applied by the Board when reviewing the organisation's and the Chief Executive's performance.
5. The Board will make clear to the Chief Executive in writing any limits it chooses to place on his or her freedom to take actions or make decisions that the Board deems to be unacceptable within the delegation, allowing the Chief Executive any reasonable interpretation of these policies (further defined in the Chief Executive Authority policy).
6. The Chief Executive is responsible for the employment, management and performance evaluation of all staff employed/contracted to the organisation.
  - a. Neither the Board nor individual Board Members will 'instruct' staff in any matters relating to their work.
5. Provided that the Chief Executive achieves the outcomes sought by the Board and does so in a manner consistent with the Board's policies and Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's values, the Board will respect and support the Chief Executive's choice of actions.
6. The expert knowledge and experience of individual Board members is available to the Chief Executive.

## **Chief Executive Authority**

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1. As long as the Chief Executive applies 'any reasonable interpretation' of the board's policies, i.e. does not set out to defeat the stated intent or the spirit of the policies, he/she is authorised to establish all operational policies, make all operational decisions and design and implement and manage all operational practices and activities.
2. Acknowledging a Board member's right to have access to information necessary to meet his/her duty of care to the organisation, the Chief Executive may refuse instructions or requests from individual Board members or from unofficial groups of Board members if, in his/her opinion, such requests or instructions are:
  - a. Inconsistent with the Board's policies,
  - b. are deemed to make unjustifiable intrusions into the Chief Executive's or other staff members' time; or
  - c. are an unjustifiable cost to the organisation.
3. The Chief Executive must notify the Chairperson of the use of point 2.

## **Chief Executive Remuneration**

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**Chief Executive remuneration will be decided by the Board as a body based on terms and conditions that reflect the organisation performance and executive market conditions.**

1. Organisation performance will be only that performance revealed by the monitoring system to be directly related to criteria given by the Board in policy.
2. Remuneration will be competitive with similar performance within the marketplace based on achievement of the Board's strategic direction and strategic goals while complying with the Executive Limitations Policies.
3. A committee process may be used to gather information and to provide options and recommendations for the Board for its consideration and decision.

## **Chief Executive Performance Assessment**

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**The Chief Executive's performance will be continuously, systematically and rigorously assessed by the Board against achievement of the Board-determined strategic outcomes and compliance with Chief Executive Delegation policies. The Board will provide regular performance feedback to the Chief Executive.**

1. The Board's assessment of the Chief Executive's performance will be against only those performance indicators that have been agreed at the commencement of the performance year.
2. The standard applied to all facets of the performance assessment shall be that the Chief Executive has met or can demonstrate compliance with the intent or spirit of the Board policy/statement.
3. The Board may monitor any policy at any time using any method but will normally base its monitoring on a predetermined schedule.
4. The Board may use any one or more of the following three methods to gather information necessary to ensure Chief Executive compliance with Board policies and thus to determine its satisfaction with that person's performance:
  - a. Chief Executive reporting,
  - b. Advice from an independent, disinterested third party, or
  - c. Direct inspection by a Board approved Board member or group of Board members.

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# Chief Executive Delegation Policies

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## Board Members' duties and the delegation to the Chief Executive

Board Members have a duty of care under the law. While the enactment of certain elements of this can be delegated, there are other elements that most boards determine should not be. No Chief Executive should reasonably expect that his or her board will accord an unbounded delegation. This is where the Chief Executive Limitations policies are intended to have effect, denying the Chief Executive access to certain operational actions or decisions that the board considers are 'off limits'. This is not to say, however, that such actions or decisions should not be completely 'off limits'. It is simply that these are matters (usually because of the risks involved) which the board wants to consider for itself as an essential component of its duty of care.

When confronted with an approach by the Chief Executive seeking permission to breach a board-set limitation or stating that the action must be taken, the board might choose one or other of the following responses:

- a. After consideration it might resolve that the delegation is too narrow and that the freedom to take such actions should be included within the delegation. The board might then change the policy to reflect the expanded delegation.
- b. It might decree that the issue or decision requires the board's authority and thus would exercise this and, in so doing, accept all accountability for the consequences of the action taken. In other words the limitation would stand.

## The scope of the policies

In setting the limitations a board should be conscious of the need to make every best attempt to address all foreseeable matters that it wishes to cover. By starting with a broad statement of limitation and then working down through to more detailed statements, a board can, with some confidence, create a delegation that should stand the test of time and occasion. There might, however, be some circumstances that will cause the veracity of the policies to be tested.

The limitations, once adopted, should be sufficiently detailed and well-considered that the board can be confident that it can accept the Chief Executive's '*reasonable*' interpretation of the policy and subsequent action. In demonstrating that a 'reasonable interpretation' has been made, the onus is on the Chief Executive to show that he or she has not set out to 'defeat' the policy while making every reasonable effort to honour both the 'written word' and its intended 'spirit'.

## Using the policies to determine Chief Executive freedom to act

Whereas in developing the policies the board works from the 'general to the specific', the Chief Executive, in interpreting the policy works from the 'specific to the general'. Having first established that the action is consistent with the organisation's purpose or the outcomes it must achieve the Chief Executive would check to see if the proposed action is 'within bounds'. To determine this, the Chief Executive might first check to see if there is a specific prohibition. This is most likely to be found in the more detailed statements within the policy, e.g. the numbered detail. If there is nothing specific but the Chief Executive is still unsure, he/she might then move to the next level and check the head statement for each policy to see if this provides guidance. Some interpretation might be required. For example, the Financial Management policy statement might commence by stating that the Chief Executive must "... *ensure that nothing is done, or authorised to be done, that could in any way cause financial harm or threaten the organisation's financial integrity.*" The Chief Executive might need to examine a proposed action to be sure that no such harm could occur. If still in doubt, the Chief Executive might go to the highest level limitations statement (couched more generally still and embracing all the Limitations policies) and ask whether the proposed action, "... *is in breach of the law, is imprudent, contravenes any organisation specific or commonly held*

*business or professional ethic or is in breach of generally accepted accounting principles.”*

The Chief Executive should now be in a position to make a *reasonable interpretation* of the board's policies. He or she would either take the proposed action with confidence that it is within the delegation or refer it to the board for a board-level decision and subsequent action. If, however, there is still doubt, the Chief Executive would approach either the chairperson or the board to seek guidance on an interpretation of the policy.

There is an important distinction to be made at this point. When the Chief Executive approaches the board (or the chairperson) for this final exchange, he or she is not asking permission to act. Rather the approach should be to seek confirmation that the board intended its Chief Executive to have the freedom to make the decision or take the action; in other words to check the interpretation. This is a subtle but crucial distinction. At this point the board might declare that, in setting the policies, it did not anticipate such a circumstance. Given the opportunity, it would have included a further prohibition that was designed to make clear to the Chief Executive that this action was not within his/her prerogative. The board would thus be obliged to change its policy accordingly. Alternatively the board might declare that it is perfectly comfortable that the Chief Executive should determine whether to act or not. The decision then lies with the Chief Executive as does accountability for the outcomes of the action or decision taken.

### **Spirit and intent**

The challenge for both the board and the Chief Executive lies in the determination and acceptance of the Chief Executive's '*reasonable*' interpretation. It is at this point that the 'trust' component of the board-Chief Executive interrelationship is put to the test. The board must 'trust' that the Chief Executive has made an honest interpretation of the policy/ies and has taken an action with genuine intent, full integrity and professional competence. In turn the Chief Executive must 'trust' that the board, having defined a boundary and thus created certain freedoms, will honour its policies.

The policies are not designed to be used as a punitive tool by the board nor should the Chief Executive regard them in a laissez-faire or careless manner. Ideally no part of any policy should constrain a Chief Executive from taking actions or making decisions that are in the best interests of the company. The board must accept that a Chief Executive cannot be held to account for that which he or she cannot control; nor should there be accountability for that which, under normal circumstances, cannot be known. A Chief Executive, however, can and should be held to account for ensuring that there are adequate systems and processes in place to manage all that can or should be known and controlled.

### **Subject to regular review**

As with all other board statements, the Chief Executive Limitations policies should be subject to regular review. The key to effective review is that the board achieves a level of satisfaction with the Chief Executive's demonstration of compliance with the policies. Ideally the Chief Executive Limitations policies are reported against and, at the same time, reviewed by the board on a scheduled basis. Certain of them, for example, the budgeting policy, have a logical time for review, i.e. when the budget is presented. Others might be scheduled for review at a date determined by the board.

## **Overarching Chief Executive Limitation**

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**The Chief Executive must not take, allow or approve any action or circumstance in the name of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated that is in breach of the law, is imprudent, which contravenes any organisation specific or commonly held business or professional ethic or is in breach of generally accepted accounting principles.**

## **Budgeting and Financial Planning**

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**Budgeting and financial planning for any financial year or the remaining part of any financial year shall be designed to ensure the achievement of the board-determined outcomes. In developing the operational financial plan and budget and without limiting the scope of the foregoing, the Chief Executive must not:**

1. Fail to demonstrate (a) a credible projection of revenues and expenses, (b) separation of capital and operational items, (c) projection of cash flows, and (d) disclosure of planning assumptions.
2. Create financial risk beyond Board-determined parameters.
3. Plan expenditure in any financial year that would result in default under any of Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's financing agreements or cause insolvency.
4. Fail to incorporate/accommodate medium to long-term financial plans/projections and long-term business direction.
5. Design a financial plan that anticipates the achievement of a 'bottom line', materially different from that determined by the Board, e.g. a predetermined surplus, acceptable deficit or balanced budget.
6. Fail to provide for the Board's developmental and other expenditure.

## **Financial Management**

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**The Chief Executive is responsible for the day-to-day financial management of the organisation. In carrying out this duty he/she must ensure that nothing is done, or authorised to be done, that could in any way cause financial harm or threaten the organisation's financial integrity. Without limiting the scope of the foregoing, the Chief Executive must not:**

1. Use any organisational funds, or enter into any contracts or accept other liabilities, other than for the furtherance of Board-approved purposes and priorities.
2. Expend more funds than have been received in the financial year unless offset by approved borrowings or approved withdrawals from reserves.
3. Allow undisputed invoices from suppliers of goods and services to remain unpaid beyond trade credit terms agreed with those suppliers.
4. Authorise expenditure beyond the level established by the Board.
5. Fail to meet all government imposed compliance requirements or payments on time and to standard.
6. Acquire, encumber or dispose of land or buildings.
7. Neglect to ensure that there are limitations on expenditure and adequate controls on the use of credit or other purchase cards by card holding staff.

## **Remuneration and Benefits**

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**In managing the setting and review of salaries and benefits, the Chief Executive must not make decisions or promises that would in any way cause or threaten financial harm to the organisation. Without limiting the scope of the foregoing the Chief Executive must not:**

1. Change his/her remuneration.
2. Create obligations that cannot be met over the projected period of the individual's term of employment or over a period for which revenues can realistically be projected.
3. Cause unfunded liabilities to occur or in any way commit Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated to benefits that incur unpredictable future costs.
4. Make promises or offer guarantee of long-term employment under circumstances when such guarantees or promises cannot realistically be honoured.

## **Protection of Assets**

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**The Chief Executive shall not fail to take all prudent and reasonable actions to ensure that Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's assets, physical and intellectual, are protected against all foreseeable damaging circumstances. Without limiting the scope of the foregoing the Chief Executive must not:**

1. Permit any unauthorised person to handle cash.
2. Process the receipt or disbursement of funds outside of controls acceptable to the duly appointed auditor.
3. Allow the assets to be insured for less than is considered necessary for prudent risk-management.
4. Fail to protect the organisation, its Board Members or staff against claims of liability.
5. Make any purchase of goods or services without protection against conflict of interest.
6. Fail to protect intellectual property, information, and files from loss, improper use, improper purposes, or significant damage.
7. Fail to ensure that there are appropriate and effective security systems in place to adequately safeguard against loss, common damage or theft of staff, customer and organisation property.
8. Fail to maintain a current assessment and evaluation of the risk factors that could conceivably disrupt Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's effective and efficient operation and ensure that there are plans and systems that, in the event of disruptive events, will allow continuity of business.

## **Communication & Support to the Board**

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**The Chief Executive shall not permit the Board to remain uninformed about issues and concerns essential to the meeting of its duty of care, the carrying out its responsibilities and the meeting of its accountabilities to its owners and key stakeholders.**

**The Chief Executive must not:**

1. Neglect to provide support and information in a timely, accurate and understandable fashion addressing the various issues to be monitored by the Board.
2. Neglect to provide financial reports that make clear:
  - a. significant trends
  - b. data relevant to agreed benchmarks and Board-agreed measures

- c. further Board financial data as determined by the Board from time-to-time.
3. Fail to inform the Board of significant external environmental trends, adverse media publicity, achievement of, or progress towards the achievement of, the Board's Strategic Direction and annual plan or changes in the basic assumptions upon which the Board's policies are based.
4. Fail to inform Board Members when for any reason there is actual or anticipated non-compliance with a Board policy.
5. Neglect to inform the Board of any serious legal conflict or dispute or potential serious legal conflict or dispute that has arisen or might arise in relation to matters affecting Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated.
6. Fail to ensure that the Board is provided with the necessarily wide range of views and perspectives in support of effective decision-making.
7. Fail to bring to the Board's notice such occasions when it is in breach of its Board Processes policies particularly when this relates to the Chief Executive's ability to carry out his/her responsibilities.
8. Fail to deal with the Board as a whole except when responding to individual requests for information or requests from Board committees or working parties.

### **Emergency Chief Executive Succession**

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**The Board recognises that one of its major risks is the loss of key personnel, particularly its Chief Executive. To this end the Chief Executive must not fail to ensure that there is in place an emergency management regime that can operate in the event of unexpected loss of his or her services. There must also be at least one person capable of responding to Board concerns and requirements at a level necessary for effective governance.**

### **Employment Conditions**

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**In exercising the delegation for the management of staff, the Chief Executive must not fail to ensure that there is provided a workplace environment conducive to sound workplace practices, consistent with workplace legislation and Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated's core corporate values.**

#### **The Chief Executive must not:**

1. Fail to provide staff with clear guidelines as to their rights, entitlements and workplace obligations.
2. Fail to provide staff with 'equitable', 'safe', 'dignified' and 'fair' working conditions as defined in relevant workplace legislation.
3. Deny to any employees their right to an approved and fair internal grievance process.
4. Refuse employee access to the Board to express a grievance when:
  - a. The internal grievance process has been properly followed; and
  - b. The grievance asserts that the Chief Executive has breached a Board policy to his or her detriment, and/or;
  - c. The grievance asserts that the Board has not provided adequate protection of the staff member's human rights.
  - d. There is verifiable evidence of this.
    - Access to the Board is via the Chairperson.
5. Fail to ensure that all staff members are acquainted with their rights under this policy.

**Public Affairs**

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**The Chief Executive shall not undertake, approve or in any way support any action that is directly or indirectly demeaning or derogatory or in any way damaging to Waikato Basketball Council Incorporated.**